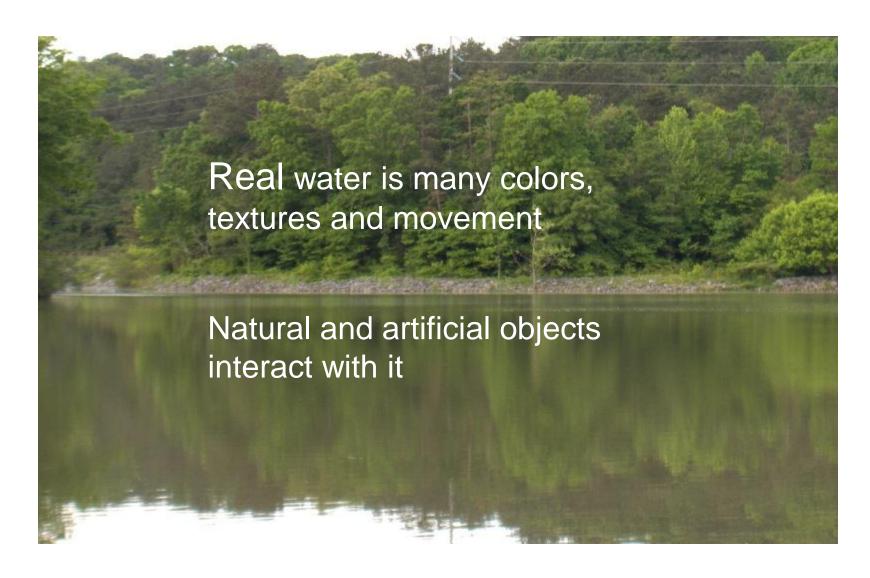
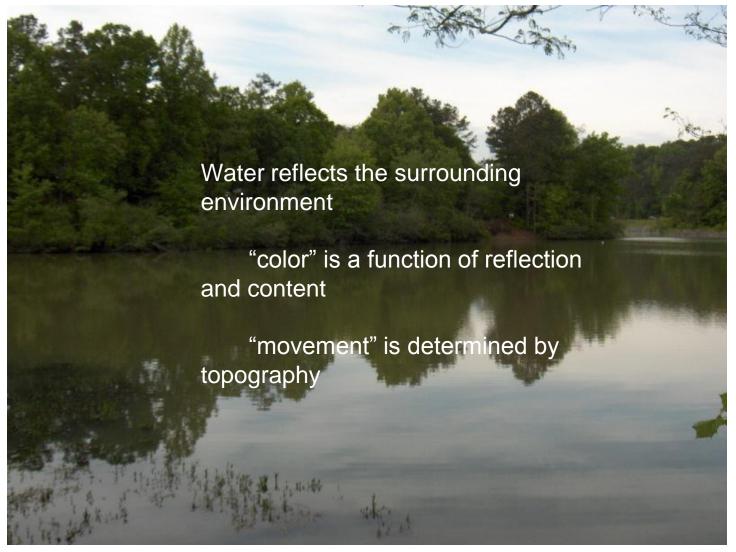
Southeastern Region NMRA Bob Beaty, MMR

Reflections on a theme



Real Water

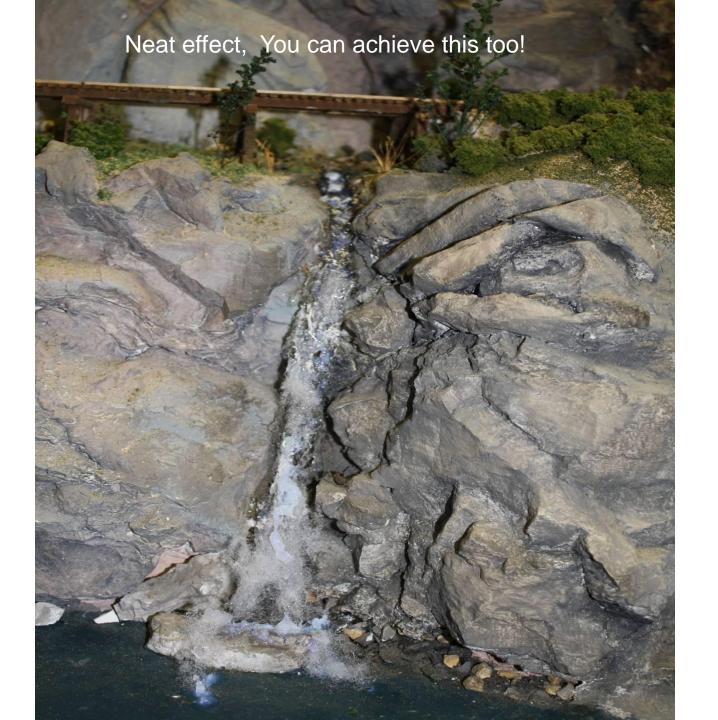


Preparing the modeled area

- Prepare the scene's environment first
 - Attention to detail, you will spend more time here
- Prepare the base
 - Foam, Plaster, Plywood. add topographical features
- Prevent leaks
 - products in use today will find the smallest hole
- Add scenic details
 - Ground texture, rocks tree limbs submerged objects



A waterfall can be an interesting effect

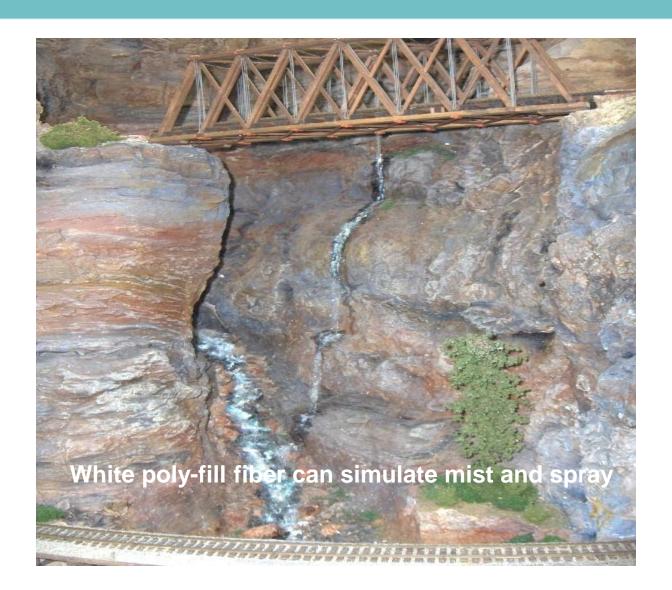


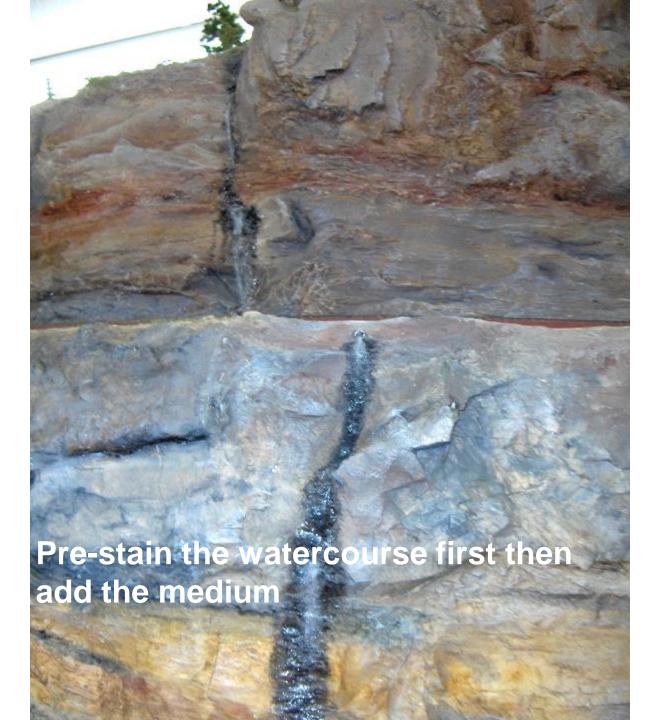
Prepare the scene, coloring the rocks and the pool.





Some more Waterfalls





Some Special effects

- The Bottom: add fish, logs, trash, junk, etc
 - Prepare the scene "dry" first then add the medium
- Ripples and Waves
 - Apply gloss Gel Medium after the surface has set
- Rapids and waterfalls
 - Use combination of Gels, white fiberfill and paint
 - Support the water fall with clear acrylic
- Boat wakes
 - Heavy Gloss Gel or clear caulk, accented with paints



These rapids were a "happy accident." They were supposed to be clear tile caulk

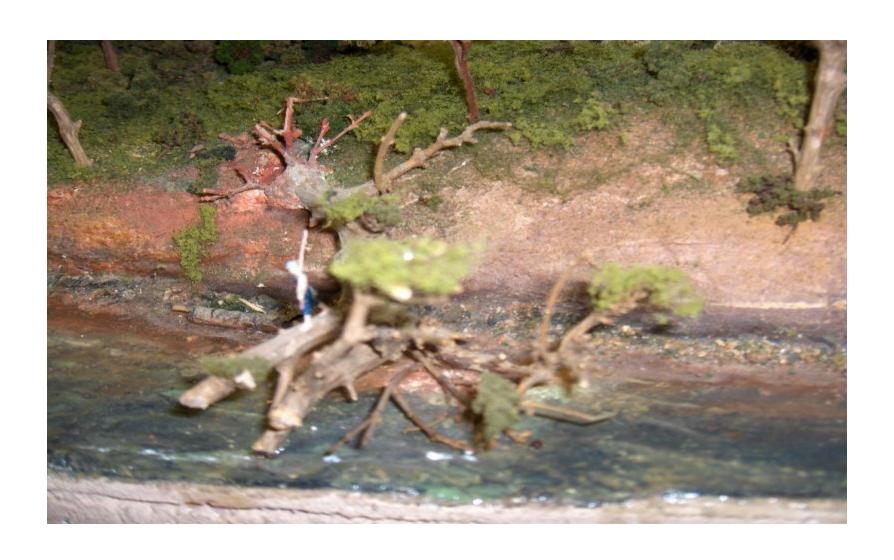
Pouring on the River

- Surface contours (depth) stacked foam board shapes
- Banks scultimold and sand with ground foam
- River bed poured plaster, smoothed and "leaks" sealed
- Painted river center dark blue black, edges light earth/mud
- Multiple coats of Acrylic Varnish, Gloss Gel ripples

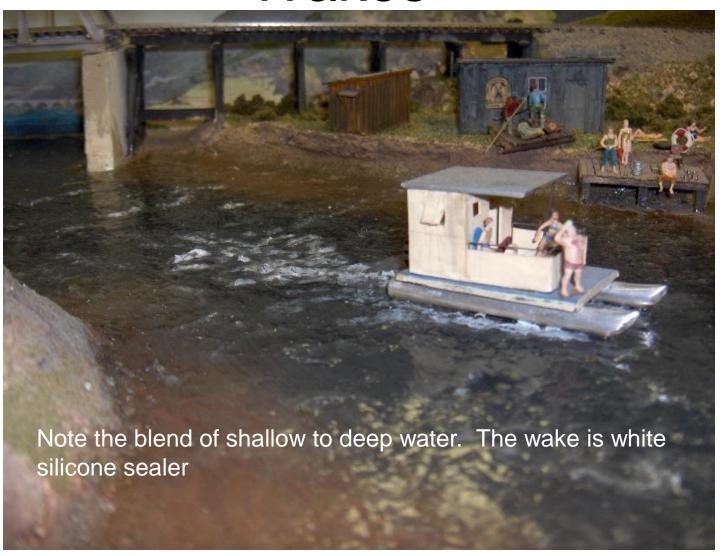


This mini-scene captures a dunking and is only 1/16" deep

Special effects



Wakes

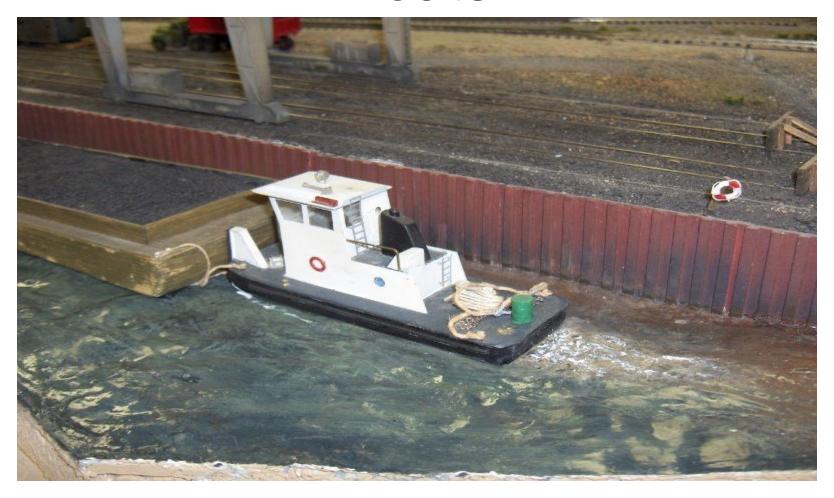


Waves



Blend the 3D water into the backdrop, or hide it around a bend

Boats



This wake is Acrylic Gloss Gel dry brushed with white craft paint

Tips and Techniques

- Smooth plaster surface-
 - Paint to represent depth then use gloss varnish
- Contoured bottom with a raised surface
 - Model the bottom detail first then add a clear surface about 1 inch above
- Contoured surface with a poured depth
 - Complete the bottom then pour several layers of medium
- Tidal Flats, shallow streams
 - Shallow depressions fully sceniced, add a thin pour of medium
- Mud puddles, drips
 - Color the depression darker than the surrounding area, tint medium with a color

Trash and Junk







Even a small amount of "water" can give a really nice effect to a model



Big Deep Lakes

Prepare the area edges

Use plaster to create a smooth surface

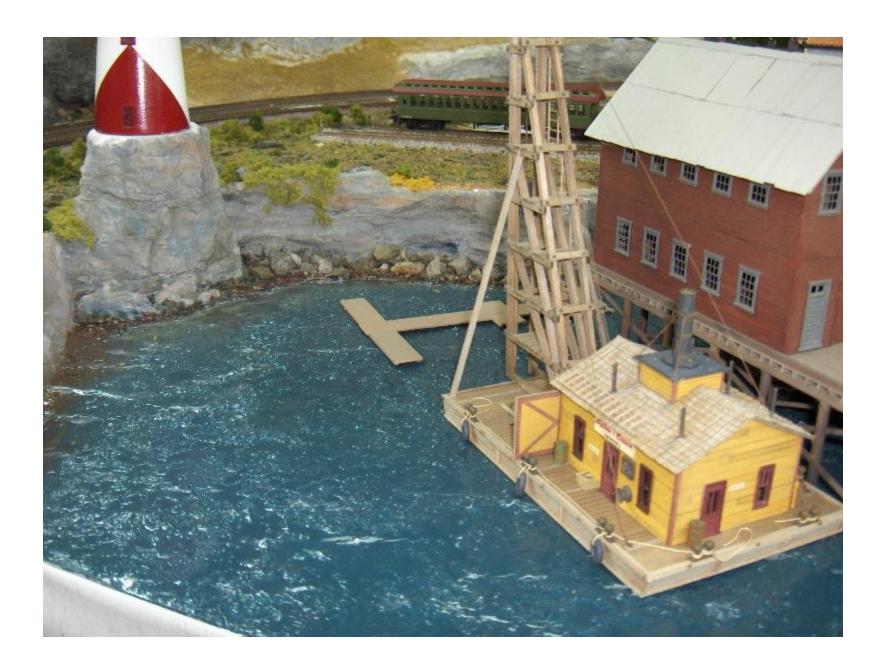
Paint a dark blue/black for depth

Pour acrylic resin (Enviro-tex)



Harbors and Lakes

- Use Foam core board to create a smooth surface
- Use Latex texture paint and a sea sponge for waves
- Paint to achieve the color of depth
- Paint waves blue and light blue/green top with white
- Brush on several coats of Acrylic Varnish





Problems to be aware of

- Leaks. Many products will seep through the smallest hole
- Shoreline creep. Some products will "ride" up the bank, requiring repainting/scenicing
- Air bubbles. Envirotex must be "debubbled" with CO2 (use a straw) or heat (torch)
- Trash, bugs and finger prints. Stuff happens! Try to prevent it.

Products to try

- Gloss paint
- Acrylic light diffuser
- Actual Water
- Acrylic Artist products
- Casting resins
- Enviro-tex
- WS products
- Glass/Plexiglas

Cheap

not expensive

messy

easy, min cost

smelly, toxic

Easy, med cost

Easy, med cost

A challenge



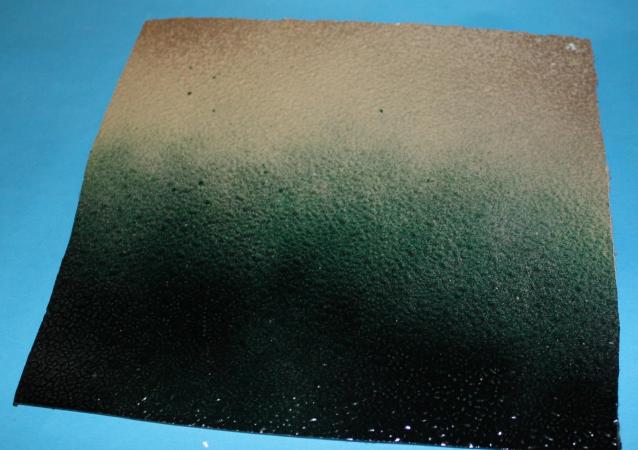
Now for something completely different!

DRY WATER using FRP board FRP board is a textured product used for back splashes

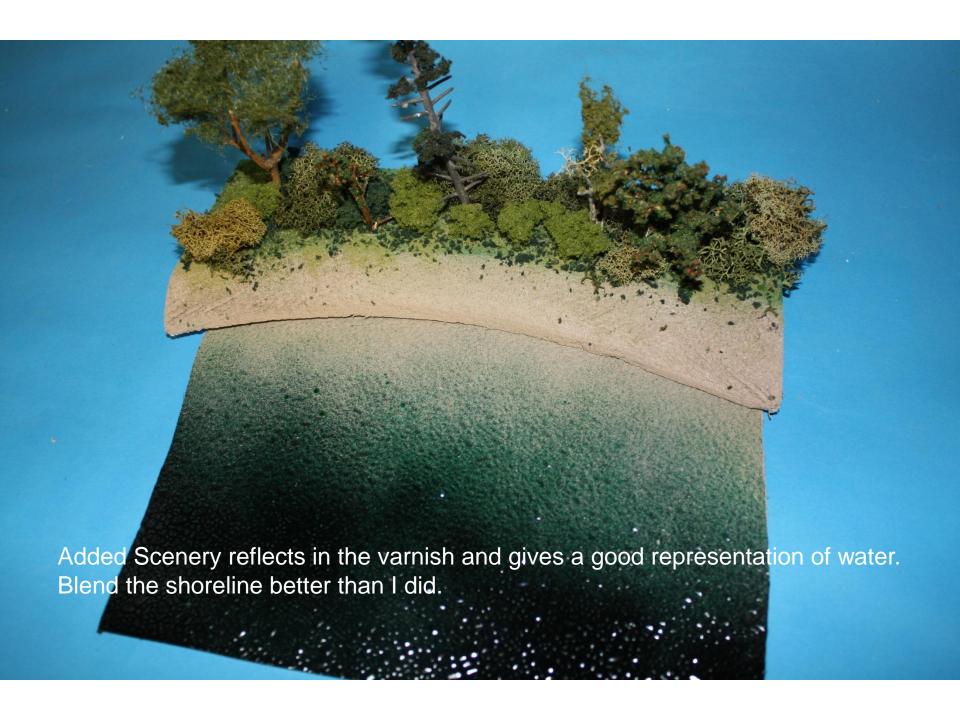


FRP board is water resistant, has a "bumpy" texture and is about 1/16" thick

The surface is sprayed with Light Earth, Sand, Deep Green and Dark Sea Blue. After the paint dries, over spay with gloss sealer or paint with gloss acrylic varnish.



You can add white highlights for wave caps, boat wakes etc.



Well there you have it. See there is nothing to it.

THAT'S ALL FOLKS

BOB BEATY, MMR